

Reduce Vole Migration from Border Areas into Crops with Rozol Vole Bait

- Voles cause serious economic damage to small grains, alfalfa, sugar beets, potatoes, orchards, rangeland, pastures, and other row crops.
- Spring time populations can easily get out of control on newly-planted crops causing yield reductions of up to 30% or more when voles eat emerging seedlings.
- Voles breed year round. One female can have a litter a month with five offspring on average. Breeding predominantly occurs in the Spring and again in the Fall. Waiting to control voles after damage is evident means control measures were started too late. Only a proactive, vigilant management approach will bring vole populations under control.



Vole damage to Sugar Beets.



Typical Vole Runways.



Vole damage to Potatoes.

NEW AERIAL USE Fallow Agricultural Land



In Idaho, a 24(c) label (190004) exists for aerial broadcast use of Rozol Vole Bait on crop border areas, buffer strips and pivot corners adjacent to crops. Rozol Vole Bait is also approved for aerial application on orchards in Washington, 24(c) 070019. Ground broadcast is also approved on crop border areas and buffer strips in Idaho, Washington, and most other states, per the Rozol Vole Bait Federal Sec. 3 label (EPA #7173-242). **Do not apply to food or feed crops.**

Rozol Vole Bait is for control of voles in Pome and Stone Fruit Tree Orchards (bearing and non-bearing); Christmas Tree Farms, Commercial Nurseries, Tree & Forestry Plantations; Non-crop areas; (including Border Areas & Buffer Strips adjacent to crops).

Rozol Vole Bait is a restricted-use pesticide registered in all states except Hawaii. In Colorado, Florida, New York and Vermont, may only be applied by "hand spot baiting."

Not for use on golf courses or turfgrass areas in CA.

User must read and follow all label directions on Sec. 3 as well as 24(c) aerial-use labels.

Rozol Vole Bait has been a leading vole control rodenticide in orchard growing areas for many years. It is approved for aerial use in Idaho and Washington.

Growers use Rozol Vole Bait because they can depend on it to work.

Rozol pellets are paraffinized and can be applied when no rain or snow is expected for three consecutive days. Voles often feed continuously under snow cover. Ideal for Fall use to lower vole populations before harvest and winter breeding, as well as for Spring use to reduce vole feeding on newly-planted seed.



50lb. Bag

LEARN MORE



ID-WA 8061-5
(5/6/19)

LIPHA/TECH

www.liphatech.com • (888) 331-7900



RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
DUE TO POTENTIAL SECONDARY TOXICITY TO NONTARGET ORGANISMS

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

Section 24(c) Special Local Need Label

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF IDAHO

rozol[®] VOLE BAIT

FOR AERIAL BROADCAST APPLICATION

FOR CONTROL OF VOLES (*Microtus* spp.) OVER POME AND STONE FRUIT ORCHARDS, NURSERIES, TREE AND FORESTRY PLANTATIONS, CHRISTMAS TREE FARMS, AND FALLOW AGRICULTURAL LAND, OR WITHIN 100 FEET OF THE EDGE OF CROPLAND ON RANGELAND AND NONCROP AREAS INCLUDING BORDER AREAS, BUFFER STRIPS AND CENTER PIVOT CORNERS ADJACENT TO CROPS

EPA SLN No. ID-190004

EPA Reg. No. 7173-242

This label expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this SLN registration after December 31, 2024.

- It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

This product may be applied by broadcast from aircraft, for control of voles (*Microtus* spp.) over pome and stone fruit orchards, nurseries, tree and forestry plantations, Christmas tree farms, and fallow agricultural land, or within 100 feet of the edge of cropland on rangeland and noncrop areas including border areas, buffer strips and center pivot corners adjacent to crops. This product must not be applied directly to food or feed crops except as specified on this label.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:

Before application, locate vole trails, runway systems and harborage areas to be treated. Uniformly apply 10 pounds of bait per acre using commercial bait dispensing equipment. If populations are high, make a second application 1 to 2 months after the first.

RESTRICTIONS/PRECAUTIONS:

- Do not apply more than 10 pounds of bait per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 20 pounds of bait per acre per season.
- In pome and stone fruit orchards, apply bait after all fruit is harvested (including drops) and before new growth in the spring. Do not apply bait during the growing season.
- Apply bait when no rain or snow is expected for three consecutive days.
- Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas.
- Keep away from humans, domestic animals and pets during application, handling and storage.
- Do not apply bait in a manner that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Keep all other persons out of the treated area during application.
- Do not apply within 50 feet of any body of surface water or where raptors are actively feeding on voles.
- This product is extremely toxic to mammals and birds. This SLN label should not be used where impact on listed threatened or endangered species is likely. Consult the Federal label for additional restrictions and precautions to protect fish and wildlife.

24(c) registrant:
Liphatech, Inc.
3600 W. Elm Street
Milwaukee, WI 53209
(800) 351-1476

LIPHATECH[®]

04/16/2019